

1. A large college produces three magazines.

One magazine is about green issues, one is about equality and one is about sports.

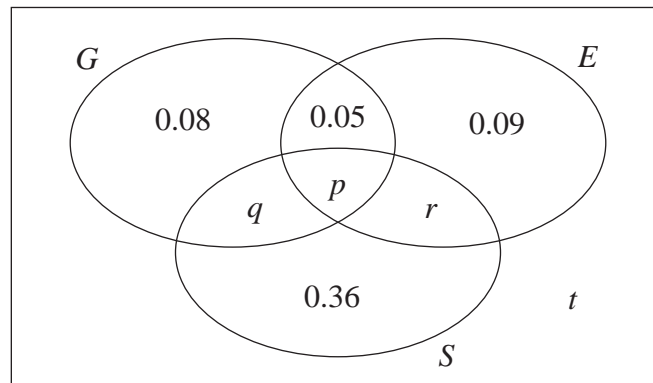
A student at the college is selected at random and the events  $G$ ,  $E$  and  $S$  are defined as follows

$G$  is the event that the student reads the magazine about green issues

$E$  is the event that the student reads the magazine about equality

$S$  is the event that the student reads the magazine about sports

The Venn diagram, where  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$  and  $t$  are probabilities, gives the probability for each subset.



- (a) Find the proportion of students in the college who read exactly one of these magazines.

(1)

No students read all three magazines and  $P(G) = 0.25$

- (b) Find

(i) the value of  $p$

(ii) the value of  $q$

(3)

Given that  $P(S | E) = \frac{5}{12}$

- (c) find

(i) the value of  $r$

(ii) the value of  $t$

(4)

- (d) Determine whether or not the events  $(S \cap E')$  and  $G$  are independent. Show your working clearly.

(3)

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2. A company has 1825 employees.  
The employees are classified as professional, skilled or elementary.

The following table shows

- the number of employees in each classification
- the two areas,  $A$  or  $B$ , where the employees live

	$A$	$B$
Professional	740	380
Skilled	275	90
Elementary	260	80

An employee is chosen at random.

Find the probability that this employee

(a) is skilled, (1)

(b) lives in area  $B$  and is not a professional. (1)

Some classifications of employees are more likely to work from home.

- 65% of professional employees in both area  $A$  and area  $B$  work from home
- 40% of skilled employees in both area  $A$  and area  $B$  work from home
- 5% of elementary employees in both area  $A$  and area  $B$  work from home
- Event  $F$  is that the employee is a professional
- Event  $H$  is that the employee works from home
- Event  $R$  is that the employee is from area  $A$

(c) Using this information, complete the Venn diagram on the opposite page. (4)

(d) Find  $P(R' \cap F)$  (1)

(e) Find  $P([H \cup R]')$  (1)

(f) Find  $P(F | H)$  (2)





